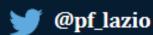


PORTA FUTURO LAZIO

COMUNICAZIONE TELEFONICA IN INGLESE

















English for phone communication





Saying hello! (and your number)

- Hello / Hi
- Good morning/afternoon/ (...)speaking
-This is ... it's ...
- . 569 305
- . 22
- . 0708 567 3309

If you (don't) know who's calling

- Good morning AIC Computing
- Can I help you?
- Is Freddie there?
- Can I speak to Ms. Jackson
- Can I have your number, please
- It's Midori.
- Hello IT. Louis speaking
- Could I speak to Freddie please?
- This is Walter Mitty

Do they have time to talk?

Are	Do	Am	Have	Can	ls
• .	this a	good mo	oment?		
• .	you busy right now?				
• .	you h	ave a sec	cond or (do) you wan	t me to
• .	l rung	g you at a	a busy time	•	
• .	we ta	alk now o	r later?		
•	I dist	urbing yo	ou?		

Reasons for calling

```
apply for - arrange- makeplace - query - request
```

- a catalogue

- a complaint

- a course

- an invoice

- a job

- an order

in connection with about
is because of with regard to
's about the -'d like to

- Can I speak ____ receiving a brochure?
- I'm calling ____ a payment
- The reason I'm phoning ____ some files
- Hello. It's ____ __ the advert
- Hi. it ____ English lessons
- I ____ change something

Leaving a message

Complete these phrases with tell, ask or say.

- Can you ____ her I rang?
- Can you ____ her to call me back?
- Can you _____ I'm arriving at eight?
- Can you ____ them it's urgent?
- Just _____ I'll call again at six.
- I'd be grateful if you could ____ him to call me back.
- This message is to _____ her whether she received the package.
- It's only to _____ them all that we'll start in a few minutes

Taking a message

- Can I take a message?
- Sorry, one moment.
- I'm just getting a pen
- Hold on a sec(ond)
- OK. Go ahead
- Can you spell that? / How do you spell it? / How is it spelled?
- I'd better read that back to you. / Let me read it back.
- Anything else?

A as in 'apple'. B for 'Berlin'

Revision of spelling rules

A

E

I

0

U



The Phonetic Alphabet

... The NATO Version

A - Alpha

B - Bravo

C - Charlie

D - Delta

E - Echo

F - Foxtrot

G - Golf

H - Hotel

I - Indiana

J - Juliet

K - Kilo

L - Lima

M - Mike

N - November

O - Oscar

P - Papa

Q - Quebec

R - Romeo

S - Sierra

T - Tango

U - Uniform

V - Victor

W - Whiskey

X - X-Ray

Y - Yankee

Z - Zulu



Symbols

```
@ = at micheal.manring@gmail.com
. = dot (lower case)
/ = slash
- = dash/ hyphen @realK
_ = underscore (K- capital letter / upper case)
```

Waiting - repeating - clarifying

The same or different?

- Speak up please / Speak more loudly, please
- Speak more slowly, please / Please hold on a moment
- I didn't catch that / I didn't hear that
- I couldn't hear you I'm afraid / I didn't understand what you mean
- Can you read that back to me? / Can you take a message?
- Let me read that back to you / Let me just check I've got that
- Would you mind repeating that? / Can you call me back?

Ending a call

- ▶ 1) I think I've got the wrong number. Sorry to have bothered you.
- ▶ 2) Thanks very much for your help. ...
- > 3) Sorry, I must go now. ...
- 4) Bye. Have a good weekend. ...
- 5) Don't forget to give me a ring on Friday. ...
- 6) Nice talking to you. ...
- > 7) Give my regards to Sarah. ...
- ▶ 8) Don't worry, I'll give her your message. ...
- 9) So we'll expect you on Thursday. ...

- a) don't worry. I won't
- b) That's OK. No problem.
- c) Nice talking to you too
- d) You too. Bye
- e) That's right. Looking forward to it.
- f) Thanks
- g) Not at all. Is there anything else I can help you with today?
- h) And to Martin and the kids.
- I) Yes. Me too.

Useful phrasal verbs

- I'm connecting you now.
- I'll return your call in a minute
- Every time I call, she puts the phone down
- Just wait a second for me
- Please don't speak so fast
- My mobile battery is low
- Wait while I see if he's in
- Can you talk more loudly
- I'll give her your message

Hangs up
Is running out
Pass on
Putting you through
Call you back
Speak up
Hold on
Bear with
Slow down

Booking (hotels, restaurants, transport)

- I'd like to book a table for 2 for ...
- Hello, I'm calling to book a room for 3 people for the period from... to...

Dates & Numbers (& birthdays)					
13 th	30 th	08/08	09/08		
5 th	15 th	20/12	25/12		
1/5/78	3′	1/5/89			

What time is it for?

- . 1:10
- 13:43
- . 11:15
- 12:05

Match the times to both ways of telling them

- (a) quarter past eleven
- thirteen forty-three
- five past twelve
- one ten AM
- a quarter to two
- ten past one
- twelve oh five
- eleven fifteen

Prepositions of time

On + day, date, special days (Christmas Day)

By + time, day, date, month, year

At + time, 'night', the weekend

In + month, season, year, part of the day, period of time

Voice messages



- What's your style with voice messages?
- What do you consider polite /impolite when it comes to voice messages (time limit, content...)
- Are voice messages somewhat changing our telephone etiquette?

Leaving voicemail messages

- 1 Introduce yourself
- 2 how you know the person
- 3 give reasons for calling
- 4 give contact details
- 5 give availability
- 6 offer alternative
- 7 end message

Countable / Uncountable

Pick out the right option in italics

- 1 We don't have some/any tables left this evening
- 2 I'd like a/some round-trip ticket please
- ▶ 3 Could you give me some *information/informations*
- 4 It's too many/much money. I'm afraid I can't afford it.
- ▶ 5 I'm sorry but I only have a *little/few* time left
- 6 I don't know how many/much times I've called today!
- > 7 There *is/ are* still a lot of seats on that flight
- ▶ 8 I'd like to book a/some cab for tomorrow

Sounding friendly / polite

:-/

- What's your name?
- Who do you want to speak to?
- She's in a meeting
- He's talking to someone
- Do you want to wait
- What's it about?
- Wait! I need to get a pen.

:-)

Sorry, Could I have your		? /		
Who would you like?				
I'm afraid	1	A		
One moment, He's just				
Would like hol	V			
Can I ask it's in connection	n w	it	h?	
Sorry, I'm just looking				

Informal / formal

- 1 ask for
- 2 ask
- 3 need
- 4 get
- 5 give
- 6 say sorry
- 7 tell
- 8 book
- 9 help
- 10 check

- a) receive
- b) reserve
- c) request
- d) assist
- e) require
- f) inform
 - g) apologize
- h) enquire
- I) verify
- j) provide

Modal verbs

can't could have to must should will would DIANA: Hi Midori, it's Diana. MIDORI: Oh Hello! I didn't recognize your voice. I ____ remember the last time we spoke. It _____ be over two years ago. DIANA: That's right. The reason I'm calling is that I _____ visit Tokyo next month on business. MIDORI: Great! We ____ get together DIANA: Actually I wanted to ask if I _____ possibly stay with you for a couple of nights (?) MIDORI: Sure. That _____ be great. When exactly? DIANA: Well I'm not sure yet but I _____ call you when I know the exact date...

first and second conditionals

first conditional

- 1 If I have time, I'll write my CV tonight. (2) 45))
 If you don't work hard, you won't get promoted.
- 2 If he does well at school, he can go to a good university. I might (may) go back to college if I can't find a job. If you apply for that job, you must prepare an up-to-date CV.
 - If they fail their exams, they should take them again.
- 3 If you get an interview, think carefully about what to wear.

We use the first conditional to talk about a possible future situation and its consequence.

- 1 The first conditional normally uses if + present simple, will | won't + infinitive.
- 2 We can also use other modal verbs instead of will, e.g. can, might, may, must, or should.
- 3 We can also use an imperative instead of will.



Unless

We can use unless instead of if... not in conditional sentences.

I won't come unless you come too. (= I won't come if you don't come too.)

second conditional

- 1 If I had more money, I wouldn't need evening work. (2) 46))
 If they offered you a part-time job, would you accept it?
- 2 I might meet more people if I lived in a hall of residence. You could apply for a scholarship if you got a place to study in the US.
- 3 If he was (were) here, he'd know what to do. I'd take it back to the shop if I were you.

We use the second conditional to talk about a hypothetical or imaginary situation, or one that we don't think is a possibility.

- 1 The second conditional normally uses if + past simple, would | wouldn't + infinitive.
- 2 We can use might or could instead of would.
- 3 When we use be in the if clause, we can use was or were after I | he | she | it. However, in the phrase if I were you, which is often used to
 - give advice, only were is used. NOT If I was you.



First or second conditional

The conditional we use depends on how likely the condition is. Compare:

If I have more time, I'll do it. (I think it's a real possibility that I'll have time.)

If I had more time, I'd do it. (I think it's unlikely or impossible that I'll have more time.)

- a Circle the correct form.
 - If I go to university, I'd study (I'll study) engineering.
 - 1 If she had her own car, she doesn't | wouldn't need to borrow yours.
 - 2 If I had | have a good degree, I'll get a better job.
 - 3 You wouldn't always be late for work if you get | got an earlier bus.
 - 4 We can't help you unless you tell | told us what the problem is.
 - 5 If you find | found your phone, you can send me a text later.
 - 6 You'd | You'll save time if you did your shopping online.
 - 7 I $won't \mid wouldn't$ go there unless I really had to.
 - 8 They'd enjoy life more if they didn't | don't study all the time.
 - 9 If you can't | couldn't find the street, just give me a ring.
 - 10 If I earned | earn more, I could afford to go on an exotic holiday.



C	omplete the sentences with the verbs in brackets.
	I wouldn't want to do research if I didn't enjoy working on my own. (not want)
1	If I to stay at university, I'll
	probably do a PhD or a master's degree. (decide)
2	If you didn't spend so much on clothes, you
	borrow money all the time.
	(not have to)
3	I think my sister and her boyfriend
	soon, if they can afford to pay for the wedding. (get married)
4	If I have time over the summer, I
	for an internship. (apply)
5	I think Andy might get a scholarship if he
	on working hard. (keep)
6	If we a bigger house, we could rent
	a couple of rooms to students. (buy)
7	I might enjoy my job more if I such
	awful colleagues. (not have)
8	If I get a job, I won't retake my
	exams. (can)
9	My tutor says I must attend all the seminars if I
	to fail. (not want)
10	I'd get more job offers if I
	better qualified. (be)

Direct / Indirect questions

- 1 Could you tell me what time the flight lands?
- What ...
- 2 I was wondering if I could borrow your bicycle.
- Could ...
- > 3 I'd like to know if Marie is there, please
- ▶ ls ...
- ▶ 4 I'd be grateful if you'd try to call him
- Would ...
- ▶ 5 Do you know when she will be back
- When ...

Making appointments

- a) How aboutAre you free onCan you make
- b) fix Arrange agree

c) 're free can make it 're available d) tied up busy unavailable

- e) are you thinking of? do you have in mind? do you want it?
- f) postpone it move it back put it back

- g) best convenient OK
- h) fine great good

- I) sounds good? suit you? look OK?
- j) the appointment is So that's We can confirm
- ▶ 1 I'm calling to ____ another time
- 2 Michel and Ana are ____ this week
- > 3 Do you mind if we ____ to next week?
- ▶ 4 Which day ____.
- ► 5 Does Wednesday _____.

- 6 ____ Thursday?
- 7 Which would be ____ for you?
- 8 we ___ after lunch.
 - 9 That sounds _____.
 - 10 ____ Thursday at 2 o'clock

A conference call



Seguici sui social











Le slide possono essere richieste inviando una email a info@portafuturolazio.it

Grazie per l'attenzione www.portafuturolazio.it





